

# The Design of the WxOCaml library

*An experiment with binding  
C++ libraries*

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# A new GUI Toolkit

- How to write GUIs in OCaml ?
  - LablTK ?
    - Pros: included in the distrib
    - Cons: bad look and feel, few widgets
  - LablGTK ?
    - Pros: well tested, interface builder
    - Cons: no win64, not native on Win & MacOS
  - HTML5 ?
    - Pros: js\_of\_ocaml good, lots of JS libraries
    - Cons: webapp + http server, debug hard
  - No Interface ? Curses ? Other ones ?

# Idea: binding for WxWidgets

- Good multi-platform support:
  - GTK under Linux, native on Windows and Mac OS
  - But the dev has been very slow in the last years :-)
- With bindings for MANY languages...
  - Very famous Python bindings
  - Also wxHaskell, wxEiffel, etc.
  - Except OCaml...
    - Not completely true : wxCaml, not finished

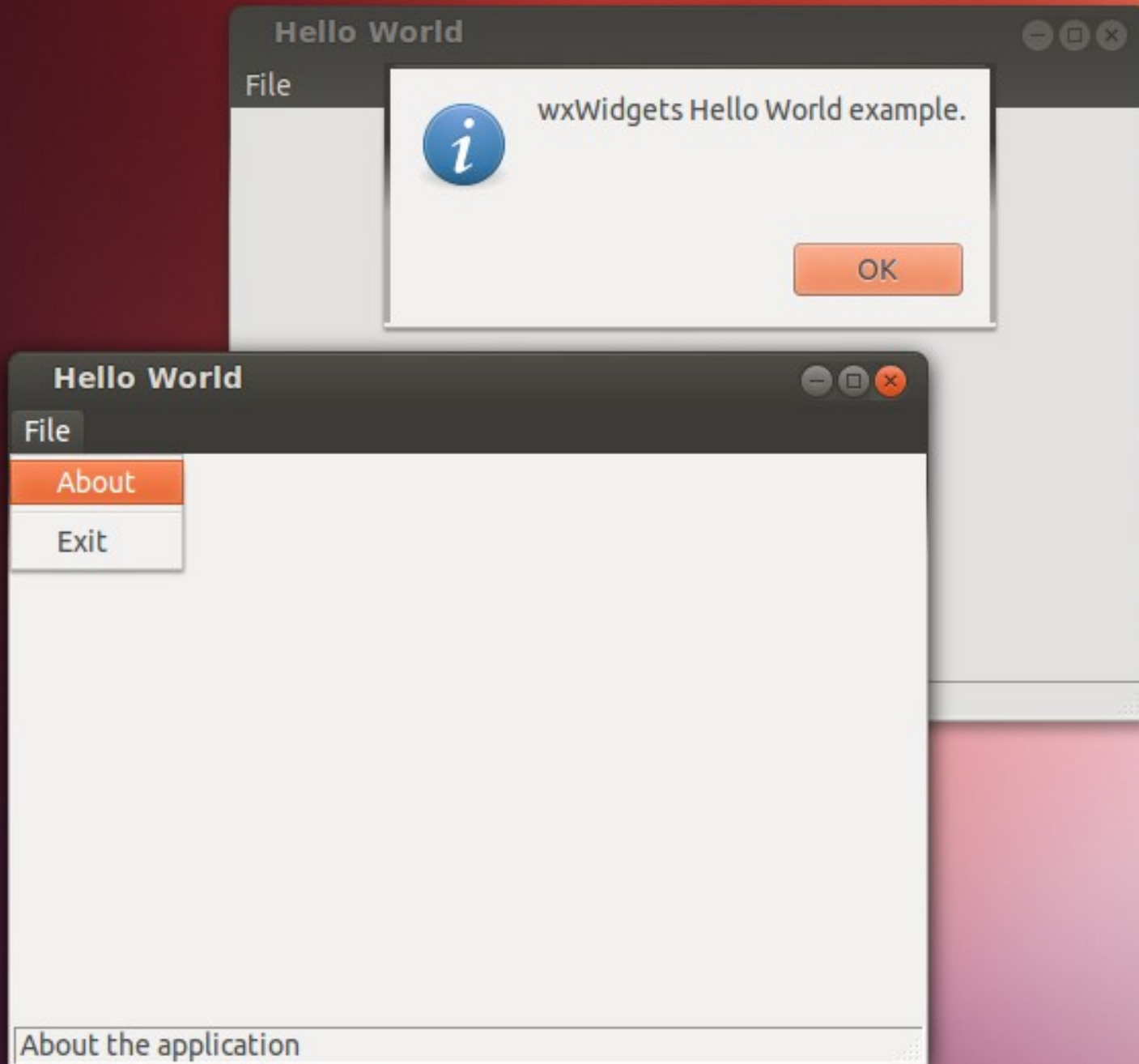
# 1st try: finishing WxCaml

- Going from OCaml to C++:
  - Use [camlidl](#) to generate stubs between C and OCaml from a "wxc.idl" file
  - C++ ↔ C stubs [manually](#) written ("elj" library)
- Problems:
  - Mostly untyped:
    - C stub arguments are not correctly typed
    - All widget types are equivalent !
  - [WxCaml](#) forked "wxc.idl" and "elj" to solve these problems, but they come from [wxHaskell](#)... that forked them from [wxEiffel](#)... unmaintainable !

# 2nd try: Goals

- Easy to maintain/extend:
  - No dependency towards wxHaskell or wxEiffel
- Easily accessible by beginners:
  - No fancy types: no Classes/Objects, no Polymorphic Variants, no GADT, no labels/optional arguments (for now...)
  - Should be usable from the first OCaml lesson !
  - Error messages for those are too complex to read
  - OO makes code unreadable with meth overloading
- Build a more abstract layer afterwards !
  - But write a few applications first...

# Hello World



# Hello World

```
open WxClasses
open WxWidgets
open WxDefs
let _ =
  let onInit (app : wxApp) =
    let frame = WxFrame.createAll None wxID_ANY
      "Hello World" (50, 50) (450, 350) wxDEFAULT_FRAME_STYLE in
    WxFrame.setIcon frame (WxIcon.createFromXPM Sample_xpm.sample_xpm);

    let about_id = wxID() in
    MENU_BAR.(wxFrame frame [
      "&File", [
        Append(about_id, "&About");
        AppendSeparator();
        Append2(wxID_EXIT, "E&xit", "Exit from the application");
      ]]);
    ignore_wxStatusBar (WxFrame.createStatusBar frame);
    WxFrame.setStatusText frame "Welcome to wxWidgets!" 0;

    WxEVENT_TABLE.(wxFrame frame frame [
      EVT_MENU(wxID_EXIT, (fun _ _ -> exit 0));
      EVT_MENU(about_id, (fun _ _ ->
        ignore_int (
          WxMisc.wxMessageBoxAll
            "wxWidgets Hello World example."
            "About Hello World"
            (wxOK lor wxICON_INFORMATION)
            (Some (WxFrame.wxWindow frame))
            wxDefaultCoord wxDefaultCoord
        ))));

    ignore_bool ( WxFrame.show frame );
    WxApp.setTopWindow (WxFrame.wxWindow frame)
  in
  wxMain onInit
```

# A DSL to generate stubs

- Describes the C++ hierarchy of classes and their methods

```
class wxTimer inherit wxEvtHandler begin
    new Create (wxEvtHandler *owner, int id =-1 )
    wxEvtHandler *GetOwner () const
    void SetOwner (wxEvtHandler *owner, int id=-1)
    bool Start (int milliseconds=-1, bool oneShot=false)
    version 2.9 begin
        bool IsOneShot () const
        void Notify ()
    end
end
```



# For Each C++ class

- Two OCaml types:
  - `type wxTimer_class` : the C++ object
  - `type wxTimer = wxTimer_class wx` : OCaml value
- A module `"WxTimer"` with:
  - ALL its methods (including ancestors methods !)
    - `"o->meth(x,y,z)"` becomes  
`"WxTimer.meth o x y z"`
  - Safe coercions (identity) to all ancestors
  - An "Unsafe" sub-module, with coercions to all descendants (with runtime test)

# Generated OCaml Code

- For module WxTimer:

```
external create : wxEvtHandler -> int -> wxTimer =
    "wxTimer_Create_c"
[...]          (* methods of this class *)
external getOwner : wxTimer -> wxEvtHandler =
    "wxTimer_GetOwner_c"
external setOwner : wxTimer -> wxEvtHandler -> int -> unit =
    "wxTimer_SetOwner_c"
[...]          (* Methods inherited from parents, if any *)
external processEvent : wxTimer -> wxEvent -> bool =
    "wxEvtHandler_ProcessEvent_c"
[...]          (* Cast functions to parents *)
external wxEvtHandler : wxTimer -> wxEvtHandler =
    "%identity"
external wxObject : wxTimer -> wxObject = "%identity"
```

# Dealing with C++ Objects

- C++ Objects are embedded in OCaml values as pairs (Class\_ID, pointer)

```
value wxTimer_GetOwner_c(value self_v)
{
  CAMLparam0();
  CAMLlocal1(ret_v);
  wxTimer* self_c = (wxTimer*)Abstract_val(WXCLASS_wxTimer, self_v);
  wxEvtHandler * ret_c = self_c->GetOwner();
  ret_v = Val_abstract(WXCLASS_wxEvtHandler, (wxEvtHandler*) ret_c );
  CAMLreturn(ret_v);
}
```

# Dealing with C++ Objects

- C++ Objects are embedded in OCaml values as pairs (Class\_ID, pointer)
- For every method, only the ancestor stub is generated, with a generic cast

```
value wxEvtHandler_ProcessEvent_c(value self_v, value event_v)
{
  CAMLparam0();
  CAMLlocal1(ret_v);
  wxEvtHandler* self_c =
    (wxEvtHandler*)Abstract_val(WXCLASS_wxEvtHandler, self_v);
  wxEvent* event_c =
    (wxEvent*)Abstract_val(WXCLASS_wxEvent, event_v);
  bool ret_c = self_c->ProcessEvent(*event_c);
  ret_v = Val_bool( ret_c);
  CAMLreturn(ret_v);
}
```

# Dealing with C++ Objects

- A generic cast function is generated to perform C++ cast:

```
extern "C" {  
void* wxOCaml_cast(int dest_id, int src_id, void* ptr)  
{  
    if( dest_id == src_id) return ptr;  
    if( ptr == NULL) return ptr;  
    switch(dest_id * 167 + src_id){  
    case 16375 : return (wxObject*)(wxAcceleratorTable*)ptr;  
    case 8569 : return (wxEvent*)(wxActivateEvent*)ptr;  
    case 16311 : return (wxEvtHandler*)(wxTimer*)ptr;  
    case 16418 : return (wxObject*)(wxActivateEvent*)ptr;  
    [...]  
    }  
}
```

# Dealing with Virtual Methods

- C++ classes can need method overriding:

```
class wxWizardPage inherit wxPanel begin
```

```
    wxBitmap GetBitmap() const
```

```
    wxWizardPage? GetPrev() const
```

```
    wxWizardPage? GetNext() const
```

```
new Create (wxWizard? parent, const wxBitmap& bitmap)
```

```
virtuals [
```

```
    (* These ones MUST be instantiated ! *)
```

```
        GetPrev, GetNext,
```

```
    (* These ones CAN be instantiated *)
```

```
        GetBitmap?,
```

```
        Validate? (* from wxWindow *)
```

```
    ]
```

```
end
```

# Dealing with Virtual Methods

- OCaml constructors takes 2 extra arg: a record of methods and an initial state
- Virtual methods take the **state** and **this**

```
[...]  
let methods = WxVirtuals.WxOCamlWizardPage.{  
  getPrev = (fun state this ->  
    Some (WxOCamlWizardPage.wxWizardPage this));  
  getNext = (fun state this -> None);  
  getBitmap = Some (fun state this -> wxNullBitmap);  
  validate = None;  
} in  
let m_page1 = WxOCamlWizardPage.create methods  
  initial_state (Some wizard) wxNullBitmap in  
[...]
```

# Conclusion

- The "DSL + stub generator" approach works well for C++ libraries
- QT better than WxWidgets ?
  - The same approach would probably work !
- Easy to extend WxOCaml:
  - Currently, 90+ classes, 1600 C++ methods
  - Write your WxOCaml application, and
  - Add the classes/methods you need in the DSL
- Web Site with GitHub link for sources:  
<http://www.typerex.org/ocplib-wxOCaml/>



# Questions ?

